

CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING, 30 JUNE 1966
COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

VOLUME 5.

POPULATION AND DWELLINGS
IN LOCALITIES

PART 5. WESTERN AUSTRALIA

Prepared under instructions from the Honourable the Treasurer by

J. P. O'NEILL

ACTING COMMONWEALTH STATISTICIAN

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EXPLANATORY NOTES

PREFACE

The 1966 Census publication programme is made up of six individual Volumes, each consisting of a number of separate Parts, together with a series of supplementary statements in mimeographed form. The actual titles of the 1966 Census Volumes and Parts are listed in the back of this publication; the content of each is briefly as follows:

- Volume 1. Single characteristics of population for Australia, Parts 1-11.—Age, marital status, birthplace, nationality, period of residence, education, religion, occupational status, industry, occupation and race.
- Volume 2. Related characteristics of population for Australia, Parts 1-5.—Growth and distribution of the population, demographic data, overseas-born population, the work force, and families and households.
- Volume 3. Housing.
- Volume 4. Single characteristics of the population and dwellings in Local Government Areas, Parts 1-7.—New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia, Tasmania, and Northern Territory and Australian Capital Territory.
- Volume 5. Population and dwellings in localities, Parts 1-7.—States and Territories as for Volume 4, and Part 8.—Australia.
- Volume 6. Statistician's Report, Parts 1-6.—Introduction, preparation for the Census, the enumeration, processing the data, dissemination of results, and evaluation.

This publication is Part 5 of Volume 5 and contains details of the population and dwellings enumerated in localities in Western Australia.

J. P. O'NEILL

Acting Commonwealth Statistician

Commonwealth Bureau of Census and Statistics
Canberra, A.C.T. 2600. December 1970.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

The particulars shown in this part of Volume 5 relate to the population and dwellings of localities which at the 1966 Census had a minimum of twenty dwellings (occupied and unoccupied) and one hundred persons. These localities are listed alphabetically with the appropriate local government area(s) in which they are situated. Where a locality overlaps a local government area boundary, each local government area is shown.

Localities in which the population was wholly or mainly included in an urban centre have not been separately identified.

More details and totals of population and dwellings in local government areas are available in Census Volume 4.

Localities

For 1966 Census purposes localities can be grouped into the following categories:

- (i) Urban centres,
- (ii) Non-urban towns—bounded,
- (iii) Non-urban towns—unbounded.

The principles and criteria used for the delimitation of these localities at the 1966 Census are outlined below:

Urban centres

A boundary was defined for all settlements with a population of 1,000 or more and these were named 'urban centres' except for the State capitals and Canberra which were named 'Metropolitan areas'. This boundary is one which, from census to census, as urbanisation proceeds, will be moved outwards as necessary to encompass any peripheral urban development.

For urban centres with a population of 30,000 and over, and for a few smaller centres, the following criteria were adopted for delimiting the urban centres.

- (a) The Metropolitan Area or urban centre was delimited by including all contiguous census collector's districts with a population density of 500 or more persons per square mile.
- (b) Certain collector's districts, although not reaching the required population density were also included by virtue of—
 - (i) land use (e.g. factory areas),
 - (ii) being surrounded by urban collector's districts,
 - (iii) forming a 'bridge' between two urban centres less than two miles apart so that they could be regarded as one single urban centre.

For urban centres of less than 30,000 population, local government area boundaries were adopted, unless they contained a large rural component or urban development was known to extend beyond the local government boundary. In these cases they were delimited by inspection of aerial photographs, by field inspection, or by consideration of any other information available, and the boundaries were set as closely as possible to the periphery of the built-up area without regard to local government boundaries.

In areas with large numbers of holiday homes, many of which are unoccupied at the mid-winter census date, dwelling rather than population criteria were used. These criteria were 250 dwellings (in lieu of the 1,000 population mentioned above) and 125 dwellings per square mile (in lieu of the 500 persons per square mile mentioned above).

Around each metropolitan area and urban centre with a population of at least 75,000 and a regional population of at least 100,000 a further boundary was defined, designed to circumscribe an area which would contain the urban development of that centre for at least twenty years and which would generally be socially and economically oriented to the centre. These areas were designated 'Statistical Divisions' (for State capital cities) or 'Statistical Districts' (for Canberra, Newcastle, Wollongong and Geelong).

Because the new criteria for the delimitation of urban boundaries were adopted only shortly prior to the 1966 Census a few collector's districts containing urban growth were not split into their rural and (potentially) urban components, with the result that significant urban population remained included in large, predominantly rural, collector's districts, which did not meet the density criterion. Such cases occurred mainly around the Sydney Metropolitan Area and Urban Toowoomba. The effect on the Sydney Metropolitan Area is small, probably not more than 5,000 urban population having been omitted. In Toowoomba the effect is proportionately much greater, the urban population probably being understated by up to 3,000 persons.

Non-urban towns—bounded

These include localities with an anticipated population ranging between 500 and 999 persons. They were delimited by inspection of aerial photographs, by field inspection or by consideration of any other information available, and the boundaries were set as closely as possible to the periphery of the built-up area without regard to local government boundaries.

Non-urban towns—unbounded

For 1966 Census purposes there was a major change in the procedures used to delimit unbounded localities. An attempt was made to identify a nucleus of dwellings using information from census schedules (address of dwelling, name of locality as supplied by the census collector, whether on a rural holding and distance from the nearest post office, etc.). Farm dwellings, defined as being on a holding of one acre or more used principally for agriculture, dairying, pastoral, vegetable or fruit growing, etc., situated within one mile of a post office were coded

to a locality if the name of the nearest post office was the same as that stated for the address of dwelling. Farm dwellings were excluded from any locality where—

- (i) the distance from the nearest post office was more than one mile,
- (ii) there was no distance from the nearest post office stated in the census schedule, and
- (iii) the name of the post office was different from that stated for the address of dwelling.

All non-farm dwellings were coded to a locality usually on the basis of the address of dwelling. However, if a schedule for a non-farm dwelling indicated that the distance from the nearest post office was more than one mile, it was not coded to a locality.

These procedures were adopted in an effort to obtain data for unbounded localities on a basis more comparable with those for urban centres, etc. The consequence of these new procedures is, however, to reduce the apparent size of many localities from that shown in previous censuses and to eliminate the category of 'near'. As a result, particular care should be taken when comparing 1966 Census unbounded locality data with data published from previous censuses.

This Part shows, for each non-urban town bounded and unbounded, separate farm and non-farm population and dwelling totals. For reasons of confidentiality a farm/non-farm dissection of population is not available for those localities where there were less than three occupied dwellings in either category.

General

Aborigines

All figures in this part exclude persons who described themselves as being more than 50 per cent Aboriginal or who described themselves as being 'Aboriginal'. This Part also excludes dwellings occupied solely by such persons.

Dwelling definition

At the 1966 Census the following definitions were used as a basis for the Census of Dwellings.

- (a) An 'occupied dwelling' is any habitation occupied by a 'household group' and may comprise the whole or only a part of a building.
- (b) A 'household group' is a person or group of persons living as a domestic unit with common eating arrangements.

The number of 'occupied dwellings' and the number of 'households' are therefore identical by definition.

The lack of a structural definition of a dwelling is not considered a significant disadvantage in Australia as the majority of households do in fact each occupy one distinct dwelling structure (i.e. a house or a self-contained flat).

Unoccupied dwellings include vacant dwellings available for sale or renting; dwellings such as weekenders or holiday homes and seasonal workers' quarters which were not occupied on census night; dwellings normally occupied but whose occupants were temporarily absent on the night of the census; newly completed dwellings whose owners or tenants had not entered into occupation on census night; dwellings described as 'to be demolished', 'condemned', 'exhibition home', etc.; and buildings constructed as dwellings but used for non-dwelling purposes on the night of the census. The total number of unoccupied dwellings does not, therefore, represent the number of vacant houses and flats available for sale or renting.

Other

Populations for local government areas within the Metropolitan Areas are available in other publications of the Bureau, and for collector's districts are available on request. From such information users can calculate the population for areas other than those shown in this Part, in particular for parts of 'urban centres'. Statistics for males and females in urban centres and localities are also available.

Local government area

In the column headed 'Local government area (Shire except where otherwise indicated)' the term 'Not Incorporated' is used to indicate the situation of localities in that part of a State which has not been incorporated for local government purposes.

The term 'Shire' is used to refer also to District Councils in South Australia, Municipalities in Tasmania and Police Districts in the Northern Territory.

The following symbols, where shown in the Local government area column, mean—

- (B) Borough,
- (C) City,
- (M) Municipality,
- (T) Town.

The following symbols, where shown in the localities classification column, mean—

M	Metropolitan area	t	Non-urban town—bounded
u	Urban centre	n	Non-urban town—unbounded
u*	Urban centre classified as such on grounds other than population density.		

**POPULATION AND DWELLINGS IN LOCALITIES WITH TWENTY DWELLINGS OR MORE AND
ONE HUNDRED PERSONS OR MORE: WESTERN AUSTRALIA, CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966**

Locality	Class (see notes)	Local government area (Shire except where otherwise indicated)	Dwellings					Persons		
			Farm	Non- farm	Total occupied	Un- occupied	Total	Farm	Non- farm	Total
A.										
Albany	u	Albany (T)	..	..	3097	329	3426	..	..	11419
Allanson	n	Collie	4	47	51	3	54	17	212	229
Armada	u	Armada-Kelmscott	..	..	942	30	972	..	..	3463
Augusta	n	Augusta-Margaret River	4	103	107	80	187	14	294	308
Australind	n	Harvey	..	70	70	38	108	..	224	224
B.										
Bakers Hill	n	Northam	13	27	40	3	43	39	118	157
Balingup	n	Balingup	15	46	61	12	73	41	148	189
Ballidu	n	Wongan-Ballidu	3	39	42	10	52	11	150	161
Barragup	n	Murray	13	16	29	14	43	53	50	103
Beagle Bay Mission	n	Broome	24	1	25	..	25	(a)	(a)	167
Bencubbin	n	Mount Marshall	3	48	51	..	51	11	148	159
Beverley	t	Beverley	13	244	257	21	278	57	820	877
Bickley	n	Kalamunda	17	46	63	14	77	79	161	240
Boddington	n	Boddington	8	101	109	14	123	26	384	410
Borden	n	Gnowangerup	3	25	28	2	30	15	114	129
Boulder (see Kalgoorlie-Boulder)										
Boya	n	Mundaring	..	39	39	4	43	..	135	135
Boyanup	n	Capel	17	75	92	9	101	70	284	354
Boyup Brook	t	Upper Blackwood	5	191	196	6	202	13	695	708
Bridgetown	u	Bridgetown	..	..	445	32	477	..	..	1569
Brookton	t	Brookton	7	157	164	11	175	30	615	645
Broome	u	Broome	..	..	299	12	311	..	..	1570
Broomehill	n	Broomehill	2	44	46	5	51	(a)	(a)	186
Bruce Rock	t	Bruce Rock	8	195	203	9	212	40	735	775
Brunswick Junction	t	Harvey	5	214	219	9	228	20	851	871
Bullfinch	t	Yilgarn	3	32	35	..	35	5	126	131
Bullsbrook East	n	Chittering, Swan-Guildford	5	31	36	7	43	20	109	129
Bunbury	u	Bunbury	..	..	4019	245	4264	..	..	15459
Burekup	n	Dardanup	14	34	48	3	51	42	148	190
Busselton	u	Busselton	..	..	1211	134	1345	..	..	4278
Byford	n	Armada-Kelmscott	13	116	129	12	141	53	471	524
C.										
Calingiri	n	Victoria Plains	4	39	43	1	44	13	137	150
Canning Vale	n	Canning, Gosnells	2	59	61	4	65	(a)	(a)	251
Capel	n	Capel	19	125	144	5	149	62	500	562
Carmel	n	Kalamunda	..	26	26	11	37	..	100	100
Carnamah	n	Carnamah	4	114	118	3	121	13	451	464
Carnarvon	u	Carnarvon	..	..	681	11	692	..	..	2956
Caversham	n	Swan-Guildford	45	24	69	3	72	172	76	248
Chidlow	n	Mundaring	30	47	77	17	94	93	170	263
Clackline	n	Northam	8	20	28	2	30	27	82	109
Cockatoo Island	n	West Kimberley	..	46	46	8	54	..	305	305
Collie	u	Collie	..	..	2065	132	2197	..	..	7628
Coogee	n	Cockburn	1	30	31	13	44	(a)	(a)	101
Coogee Beach	n	Cockburn	1	53	54	..	54	(a)	(a)	190
Coogee South	n	Cockburn, Kwinana	37	82	119	203	322	140	277	417
Cookernup	n	Harvey	20	7	27	2	29	70	35	105
Coolgardie	t	Coolgardie	..	131	131	35	166	..	473	473
Coolup	n	Murray	13	16	29	5	34	43	69	112
Coorow	n	Coorow	1	48	49	1	50	(a)	(a)	200
Corrigin	t	Corrigin	3	209	212	18	230	17	780	797
Cowaramup	n	Augusta-Margaret River	10	37	47	3	50	39	108	147
Cranbrook	n	Cranbrook	5	75	80	4	84	17	325	342
Cue	n	Cue	..	82	82	35	117	..	248	248
Cunderdin	t	Cunderdin	1	206	207	9	216	(a)	(a)	800
D.										
Dalwallinu	n	Dalwallinu	4	137	141	6	147	17	579	596
Dampier	u	Roebourne	..	..	53	..	53	..	..	1080
Dandalup North	n	Murray	13	26	39	5	44	48	84	132
Dardanup	n	Dardanup	22	28	50	2	52	79	107	186
Darkan	n	West Arthur	5	60	65	6	71	20	215	235
Darlington	n	Mundaring	13	304	317	43	360	39	986	1025
Deanmill	n	Manjimup	5	70	75	..	75	13	310	323
Denmark	t	Denmark	24	206	230	30	260	107	693	800
Derby	u	West Kimberley	..	..	335	8	343	..	..	1424
Dongara	n	Irwin	7	80	87	4	91	24	348	372
Donnelly River	n	Nannup	..	36	36	..	36	..	169	169
Donnybrook	t	Donnybrook	16	264	280	25	305	47	934	981
Doodlakine	n	Kellerberrin	6	34	40	..	40	39	137	176
Dowerin	t	Dowerin	2	102	104	7	111	(a)	(a)	376
Dumbleyung	n	Dumbleyung	3	109	112	10	122	10	390	400
Dunsborough	n	Busselton	9	44	53	112	165	23	108	131
Duranillin	n	West Arthur	3	18	21	4	25	13	91	104
Dwellingup	n	Murray	10	133	143	2	145	47	512	559

(a) Not available for publication.

POPULATION AND DWELLINGS IN LOCALITIES WITH TWENTY DWELLINGS OR MORE AND ONE HUNDRED PERSONS OR MORE: WESTERN AUSTRALIA, CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966

Locality	Class (see notes)	Local government area (Shire except where otherwise indicated)	Dwellings					Persons		
			Farm	Non-farm	Total occupied	Un-occupied	Total	Farm	Non-farm	Total
E.										
Eaton	n	Dardanup, Harvey	1	99	100	5	105	(a)	(a)	353
Esperance	u	Esperance	..	..	716	116	832	..	..	2677
Exmouth	t	Exmouth	..	221	221	..	221	..	880	880
F.										
Forrestdale	n	Armadale-Kelmscott	12	20	32	11	43	49	91	140
Forrestfield	n	Kalamunda	41	160	201	18	219	181	595	776
G.										
Geraldton	u	Geraldton	..	..	2971	236	3207	..	..	12125
Gingin	n	Gingin	17	63	80	9	89	46	231	277
Glen Forrest	n	Mundaring	30	190	220	23	243	96	597	693
Gnowangerup	u	Gnowangerup	..	..	234	10	244	..	..	981
Goldsworthy	n	Port Hedland	..	14	14	6	20	..	381	381
Goomalling	t	Goomalling	1	152	153	8	161	(a)	(a)	670
Greenbushes	n	Greenbushes	6	100	106	15	121	11	352	363
Grimwade	n	Balingup	..	40	40	..	40	..	150	150
Guildford South	n	Swan-Guildford	..	256	256	7	263	..	957	957
Gwalia-Leonora	t	Leonora	..	108	108	86	194	..	338	338
H.										
Halls Creek	n	Halls Creek	2	47	49	..	49	(a)	(a)	264
Hamel	n	Waroona	11	17	28	4	32	47	72	119
Harvey	u	Harvey	..	..	539	31	570	..	..	2066
Hazelmere	n	Swan-Guildford	1	75	76	5	81	(a)	(a)	321
Helena Valley	n	Kalamunda, Mundaring, Swan-Guildford	..	55	55	2	57	..	203	203
Herne Hill	n	Swan-Guildford	70	22	92	10	102	252	82	334
High Wycombe	n	Kalamunda, Swan-Guildford	..	173	173	4	177	..	703	703
J.										
Jandakot	n	Cockburn	27	42	69	11	80	111	142	253
Jardee	n	Manjimup	4	30	34	8	42	25	116	141
Jarrahdale	n	Serpentine-Jarrahdale	5	87	92	9	101	21	295	316
Jarrahdale	n	Busselton	1	35	36	2	38	(a)	(a)	149
Jerramungup	n	Gnowangerup	3	24	27	9	36	11	121	132
K.										
Kalamunda-Gooseberry Hill	u	Kalamunda	..	..	910	84	994	..	..	3068
Kalbarri	n	Northampton	..	32	32	9	41	..	113	113
Kalgoorlie-Boulder	u	Boulder (T), Kalgoorlie, Kalgoorlie (T)	..	..	5631	531	6162	..	..	19908
Karragullen	n	Armadale-Kelmscott, Kalamunda	21	18	39	2	41	76	56	132
Katanning	u	Katanning	..	..	923	58	981	..	..	3506
Kellerberrin	u	Kellerberrin	..	..	324	19	343	..	..	1343
Kelmscott	n	Armadale-Kelmscott, Gosnells	58	174	232	24	256	184	656	840
Kendenup	n	Plantagenet	14	25	39	1	40	59	93	152
King River	n	Albany	16	37	53	3	56	40	114	154
Kirup	n	Balingup	14	32	46	6	52	54	128	182
Kojonup	t	Kojonup	17	239	256	13	269	63	908	971
Kondinin	n	Kondinin, Kulin	4	80	84	2	86	19	324	343
Koolan Island	n	West Kimberley	..	43	43	10	53	..	288	288
Koolyanobbing	n	Yilgarn	1	27	28	..	28	(a)	(a)	121
Koorda	n	Koorda	2	85	87	..	87	(a)	(a)	342
Kukerin	n	Dumbleyung	4	33	37	2	39	10	120	130
Kulin	n	Kulin	2	83	85	1	86	(a)	(a)	308
Kununoppin	n	Trayning	4	37	41	..	41	12	190	202
Kununurra	t	Wyndham-East Kimberley	9	202	211	4	215	18	912	930
Kwinana Industrial	u	Kwinana	..	..	306	85	391	..	..	1272
L.										
Lake Grace	t	Lake Grace	..	144	144	5	149	..	543	543
Lancelin	n	Gingin	1	48	49	77	126	(a)	(a)	176
Leonora (see Gwalia-Leonora)	n	Kalamunda	23	191	214	20	234	90	814	904
M.										
Mahogany Creek	n	Mundaring	20	56	76	3	79	75	158	233
Maida Vale	n	Kalamunda, Swan-Guildford	37	113	150	9	159	150	397	547
Mandurah	u	Mandurah	..	..	1089	943	2032	..	..	2730
Manjimup	u	Manjimup	..	..	857	48	905	..	..	3186
Marble Bar	n	Marble Bar	..	49	49	..	49	..	201	201
Margaret River	t	Augusta-Margaret River	11	174	185	15	200	32	600	632
Meckering	n	Cunderdin	5	71	76	6	82	12	246	258
Medina-Calista	u	Kwinana	..	..	966	16	982	..	..	4132
Meekatharra	t	Meekatharra	1	137	138	10	148	(a)	(a)	570
Merredin	u	Merredin	..	..	840	25	865	..	..	3599

(a) Not available for publication.

**POPULATION AND DWELLINGS IN LOCALITIES WITH TWENTY DWELLINGS OR MORE AND
ONE HUNDRED PERSONS OR MORE: WESTERN AUSTRALIA, CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966**

Locality	Class (see notes)	Local government area (Shire except where otherwise indicated)	Dwellings					Persons		
			Farm	Non- farm	Total occupied	Un- occupied	Total	Farm	Non- farm	Total
Miling	n	Moora	1	31	32	1	33	(a)	(a)	127
Mingenew	n	Mingenew	2	108	110	11	121	(a)	(a)	446
Moora	u	Moora	..	..	316	8	324	..	..	1185
Morawa	t	Morawa	1	193	194	6	200	(a)	(a)	881
Mornington Mills	n	Harvey	2	30	32	5	37	(a)	(a)	108
Mount Barker	u	Plantagenet	..	..	409	14	423	..	..	1594
Mount Helena	n	Mundaring	49	72	121	23	144	196	225	421
Mount Magnet	t	Mount Magnet	2	165	167	29	196	(a)	(a)	640
Mukinbudin	n	Mukinbudin	2	67	69	1	70	(a)	(a)	262
Mullewa	t	Mullewa	..	190	190	12	202	..	800	800
Mundaring Weir	n	Kalamunda, Mundaring	..	31	31	2	33	..	122	122
Mundijong	n	Serpentine-Jarrahdale	21	60	81	10	91	89	223	312
Munster	n	Cockburn	18	40	58	7	65	67	156	223
N.										
Nannup	t	Nannup	5	150	155	27	182	12	579	591
Narembeen	n	Narembeen	6	113	119	6	125	24	444	468
Narrogin	u	Narrogin	..	..	1242	81	1323	..	..	4861
New Norcia	n	Victoria Plains	6	18	24	1	25	41	352	393
Newdegate	n	Lake Grace	1	34	35	..	35	(a)	(a)	126
Norseman	u	Dundas	..	..	463	44	507	..	..	1863
Northam	u	Northam	..	..	1832	65	1897	..	..	7400
Northampton	t	Northampton	18	148	166	7	173	65	630	695
Northcliffe	n	Manjimup	4	68	72	68	140	20	235	255
Nungarin	n	Nungarin	3	50	53	..	53	7	173	180
Nyabing	n	Nyabing-Pingrup	1	26	27	..	27	(a)	(a)	102
Nyamup	n	Manjimup	1	73	74	4	78	(a)	(a)	237
O.										
Ongerup	n	Gnowangerup	1	51	52	5	57	(a)	(a)	194
Onslow	n	Ashburton	..	65	65	..	65	..	271	271
P.										
Palgarup	n	Manjimup	6	27	33	..	33	29	97	126
Parkerville	n	Mundaring	37	63	100	22	122	130	218	348
Pemberton	t	Manjimup	6	239	245	48	293	32	899	931
Perenjori	n	Perenjori	6	69	75	3	78	14	294	308
Perth Metropolitan Area	M		..	..	139509	4722	144231	..	..	499969
Pickering Brook	n	Kalamunda	29	13	42	3	45	117	45	162
Pingelly	t	Pingelly	14	227	241	17	258	69	814	883
Pinjarra	t	Murray	10	238	248	12	260	27	862	889
Pithara	n	Dalwallinu	2	22	24	1	25	(a)	(a)	101
Port Denison	n	Irwin	..	41	41	26	67	..	134	134
Port Hedland	u	Port Hedland	..	..	368	7	375	..	..	1778
Q.										
Quairading	t	Quairading	4	176	180	6	186	11	664	675
Quinup	n	Manjimup	1	31	32	19	51	(a)	(a)	121
R.										
Ravensthorpe	n	Ravensthorpe	3	75	78	16	94	9	317	326
Rockingham-Safety Bay	u	Rockingham	..	..	1205	1216	2421	..	..	3767
Rocky Gully	n	Plantagenet	3	21	24	6	30	7	99	106
Roebourne	n	Roebourne, Tableland	2	72	74	..	74	(a)	(a)	377
Roelands	n	Harvey	18	32	50	7	57	78	123	201
Roleystone	n	Armadale-Kelmscott	29	153	182	38	220	85	482	567
Rottne Island	n	Cockburn	..	57	57	96	153	..	189	189
S.										
Sawyers Valley	n	Mundaring	20	48	68	8	76	65	173	238
Serpentine	n	Serpentine-Jarrahdale	14	47	61	15	76	39	150	189
Shannon River	n	Manjimup	1	53	54	39	93	(a)	(a)	264
Shark Bay	n	Shark Bay	3	63	66	11	77	10	282	292
Southern Cross	t	Yilgarn	3	201	204	11	215	9	844	853
Spearwood	n	Cockburn	132	158	290	18	308	561	562	1123
Spinifex Hill	n	Port Hedland	..	35	35	..	35	..	132	132
Stoneville	n	Mundaring	22	14	36	6	42	87	45	132
Swan Middle	n	Swan-Guildford	7	174	181	10	191	27	736	763
Swan Upper	n	Swan-Guildford	25	12	37	2	39	91	42	133
Swan View	n	Mundaring, Swan-Guildford	2	135	137	12	149	(a)	(a)	488
T.										
Tambellup	n	Tambellup	5	106	111	10	121	19	336	355
Tammin	n	Tammin	2	90	92	21	113	(a)	(a)	341
Three Springs	n	Three Springs	6	127	133	6	139	22	548	570
Tom Price	t	Tableland	..	(a)	(a)	..	(a)	..	549	549
Tone River Mill	n	Manjimup	..	48	48	13	61	..	163	163

(a) Not available for publication.

POPULATION AND DWELLINGS IN LOCALITIES WITH TWENTY DWELLINGS OR MORE AND ONE HUNDRED PERSONS OR MORE: WESTERN AUSTRALIA, CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966

Locality	Class (see notes)	Local government area (Shire except where otherwise indicated)	Dwellings					Persons		
			Farm	Non- farm	Total occupied	Un- occupied	Total	Farm	Non- farm	Total
Toodyay	t	Toodyay	3	174	177	11	188	7	703	710
Trayning	n	Trayning	2	53	55	..	55	(a)	(a)	234
V.										
Vasse	n	Busselton	15	28	43	7	50	46	77	123
W.										
Wagin	u	Wagin	..	..	432	19	451	..	..	1750
Walliston	n	Kalamunda	15	28	43	6	49	62	100	162
Walpole	n	Manjimup	1	44	45	33	78	(a)	(a)	143
Waroona	u	Waroona	..	..	283	12	295	..	..	1013
Watheroo	n	Moora	7	29	36	7	43	22	124	146
Wattle Grove	n	Canning, Gosnells, Kalamunda	..	92	92	10	102	..	350	350
Wexcombe	n	Swan-Guildford	..	92	92	8	100	..	319	319
Wickepin	n	Wickepin	4	64	68	7	75	9	265	274
Williams	n	Williams	4	96	100	14	114	14	382	396
Wittenoom Gorge	t	Tableland	..	181	181	21	202	..	876	876
Wokalup	n	Harvey	18	20	38	6	44	80	78	158
Wongan Hills	t	Wongan-Ballidu	7	174	181	12	193	28	735	763
Woodanilling	n	Woodanilling	3	27	30	4	34	22	107	129
Wooroloo	n	Mundaring, Northam	13	43	56	14	70	39	142	181
Wundowie	u	Northam	..	..	232	16	248	..	..	1040
Wyalkatchem	t	Wyalkatchem	1	164	165	12	177	(a)	(a)	621
Wyndham	u	Wyndham-East Kimberley	..	..	252	16	268	..	..	1156
Y.										
Yalgoo.	n	Yalgoo	..	29	29	8	37	..	104	104
Yarloop	t	Harvey	5	123	128	16	144	14	462	476
Yealering	n	Wickepin	1	44	45	4	49	(a)	(a)	144
York	u	York	..	..	419	35	454	..	..	1421
Yornup	n	Bridgetown	16	21	37	3	40	51	70	121

(a) Not available for publication.

1966 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING PUBLICATIONS

issued by the Commonwealth Bureau of Census and Statistics

Information from the 1966 Census of Population and Housing is in three series of publications:

FIELD COUNT STATEMENTS (in mimeographed form). Contain preliminary figures compiled by field personnel during the taking of the Census. These have been superseded by the Census Bulletins.

BULLETINS (mimeographed). Contain preliminary results from the Census. All of these Bulletins have been issued and, in the list below, dates of issue are shown in italics. In most cases these Bulletins will be superseded by a corresponding Part of the printed Volumes.

The mimeographed bulletins are available in limited numbers free of charge from the Commonwealth Statistician, Canberra. Bulletins Nos 1 to 8 were issued in separate parts for Australia, each State and Territory.

- No. 1. Summary of Population. *April 1967 to Dec. 1967.*
- No. 2. Summary of Dwellings. *June 1967 to Sept. 1969.*
- No. 3. Population: By Age and Marital Status. *Feb. 1968 to May 1968.*
- No. 4. Population: By Industry and Age. *May 1967 to June 1968.*
- No. 5. Overseas-Born Population: By Birthplace and Nationality. *May 1967 to June 1968.*
- No. 6. Population: By Industry and Occupational Status. *May 1967 to July 1968.*
- No. 7. Population: By Marital Status, Age and Occupational Status. *May 1967 to June 1968.*
- No. 8. Population and Dwellings—
 - Local Government Areas and Urban Centres (N.S.W., Vic., Qld, S.A., W.A., Tas.). *May 1968 to Mar. 1969.*
 - Police Districts (N.T.). *Aug. 1968.*
 - Administrative Divisions (A.C.T.). *June 1967.*
 - Local Government Areas, Urban Centres, etc. (Australia). *Dec. 1969.*
- No. 10. Census of the Territory of Norfolk Island. *June 1968.*
- No. 11. Census of the Territory of Christmas Island. *Oct. 1968.*
- No. 12. Census of the Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands. *Oct. 1968.*
- No. 13. Census of the Territory of Nauru. *Nov. 1968.*
- The Aboriginal Population (Revised Statement): States and Territories of Australia. *Nov. 1967.*
- The Aboriginal Population of Australia: Summary of Characteristics. *April 1969.*

VOLUMES (printed). These are now in the course of publication. There are six volumes, five of which consist of a number of separate Parts.

The titles are given below with the date of issues up to this part shown in italics. Prices and distribution arrangements are outlined below.

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POPULATION DISTRIBUTION WESTERN AUSTRALIA 1966 CENSUS

SCALE
MILES 50 25 0 50 100 150 200

URBAN

- Over 100,000 persons
- 50,000 - 99,999 persons
- 20,000 - 49,999 persons
- 10,000 - 19,999 persons
- 5,000 - 9,999 persons
- 2,500 - 4,999 persons
- 1,000 - 2,499 persons

RURAL

- 500 - 999 persons
- 100 persons
- Camps and Institutions over 500 persons

Explanatory Note

Urban centres are concentrations of 1,000 persons or more, or holiday resorts which have 250 dwellings or more, 100 of which are occupied.

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Distributed by the Bureau of Census and Statistics, Canberra.

